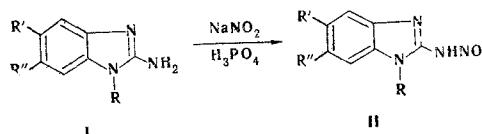


## DIRECT NITROSATION OF 2-AMINO-1-ALKYL-(ARALKYL)BENZIMIDAZOLES

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Primary nitrosamines are the most stable form of diazo compounds in the azole series [1]. However, nitrosamines could not be obtained for imidazole and benzimidazole. We have found that 2-(N-nitrosamino)-benzimidazoles (II) are formed by the action of sodium nitrite on 2-amino-1-alkyl(aralkyl)benzimidazoles (I) in 60% phosphoric acid at -5°. Under these conditions, 5-alkyl- and 5-alkoxy-substituted I undergo intermolecular diazo coupling at the 6 position, whereas 1-aryl-2-aminobenzimidazoles undergo intramolecular coupling to give dibenz[a,g]imidazo[2,1-c]-1,2,4-triazines [2].



a R=CH<sub>3</sub>, R'=H, R''=Br; b R=CH<sub>3</sub>, R'=R''=Br; c R=CH<sub>3</sub>, R'=NO<sub>2</sub>, R''=H; d R=CH<sub>3</sub>, R'=R''=H, R=C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, R'=R''=H

Nitrosamines II are also resistant to the action of dilute acids on storage, but compounds with electronegative substituents (IIa,b) undergo denitrosation on heating in alcohol solutions.

TABLE 1. 2-(N-Nitrosamino)benzimidazoles

Compound	Dec. point, °C	Empirical formula	Found, %			Calc., %			IR spec- trum,* cm <sup>-1</sup>	Yield, %
			C	H	N	C	H	N		
Ila	163	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>7</sub> BrN <sub>4</sub> O †	38,0	2,5	22,0	37,7	2,8	22,0	3060	62
Ilb	138	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>6</sub> Br <sub>2</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O ‡	28,6	1,7	16,9	28,8	1,8	16,8	3200—3000	59
Ilc	169	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>7</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	43,1	3,1	32,0	43,4	3,2	31,7	3100	51
Ild	162	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>8</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O	54,5	4,5	32,2	54,5	4,6	31,8	3260	74
Ile	187	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O	66,8	4,3	22,4	66,7	4,8	22,2	3260—3160	60

\* The spectra of suspensions of the compounds in hexafluorobutadiene were recorded with a UR-20 spectrometer.

<sup>t</sup> Found, %: Br 31.2. Calculated, %: Br 31.3.

† Found. %: Br 47.7. Calculated, %: Br 47.9.

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